

ORACLE®

# Oracle Digital Assistant

## The Complete Training

### Conversational UX



# Safe Harbor Statement

The following is intended to outline our general product direction. It is intended for information purposes only, and may not be incorporated into any contract. It is not a commitment to deliver any material, code, or functionality, and should not be relied upon in making purchasing decisions. The development, release, and timing of any features or functionality described for Oracle's products remains at the sole discretion of Oracle.

# Topic agenda

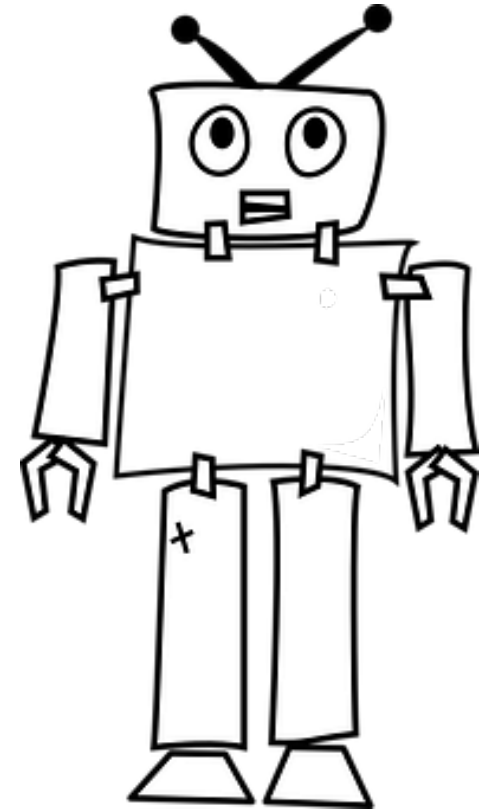
- 1 ➤ Why language can be difficult
- 2 ➤ Designing a conversation
- 3 ➤ Voice and personality
- 4 ➤ Natural language intelligence
- 5 ➤ Help, guidance and error handling

# Topic agenda

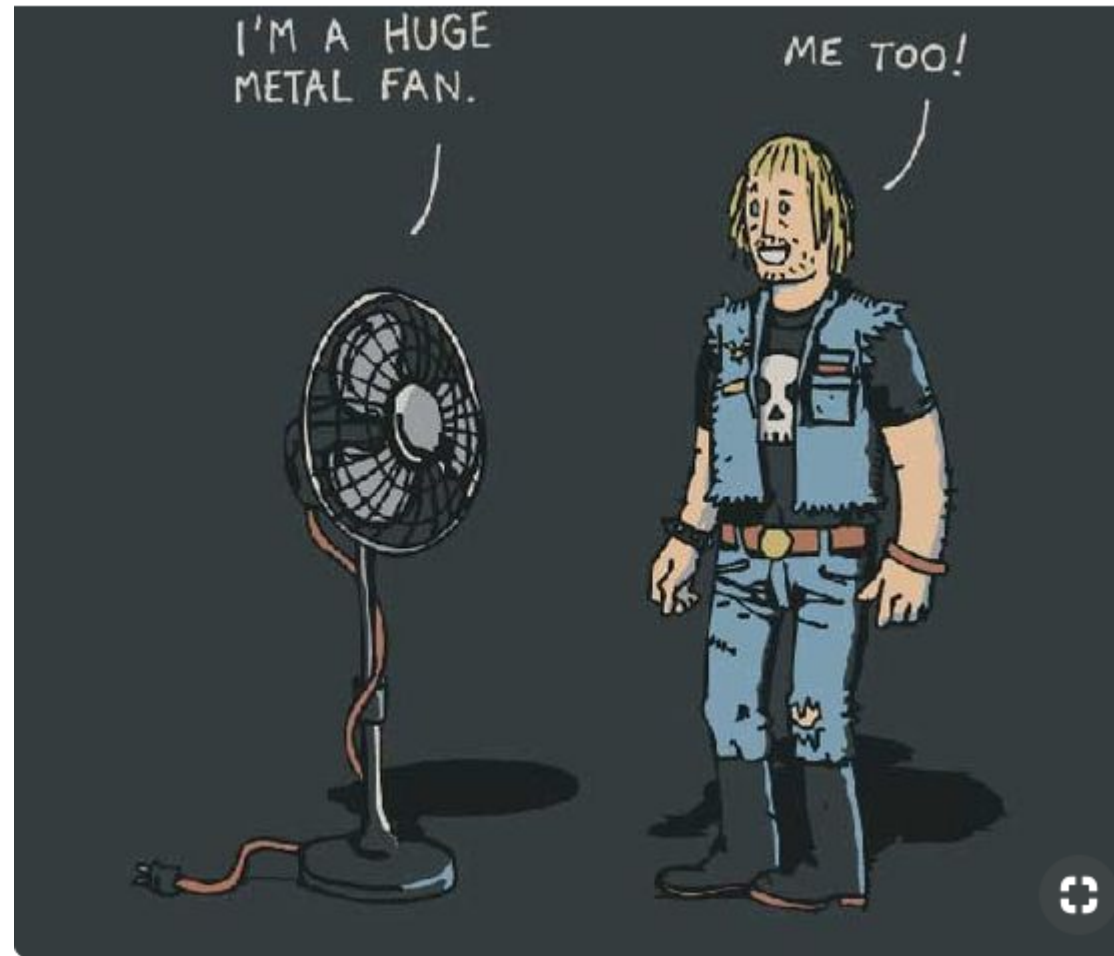
- 1 Why language can be difficult
- 2 Designing a conversation
- 3 Voice and personality
- 4 Natural language intelligence
- 5 Help, guidance and error handling



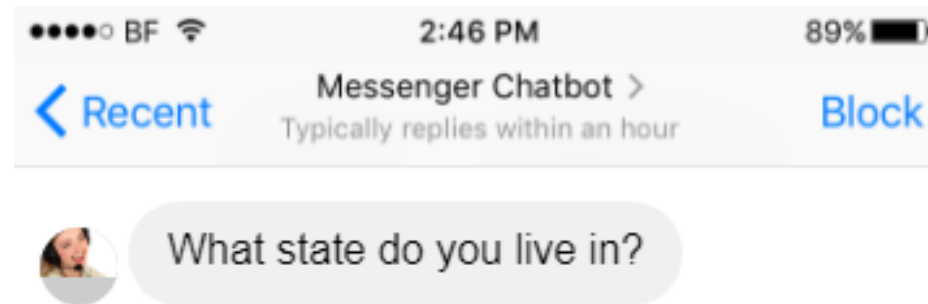
Designing a conversation is a much  
an **art** as it is a **science**



# Why language can be difficult

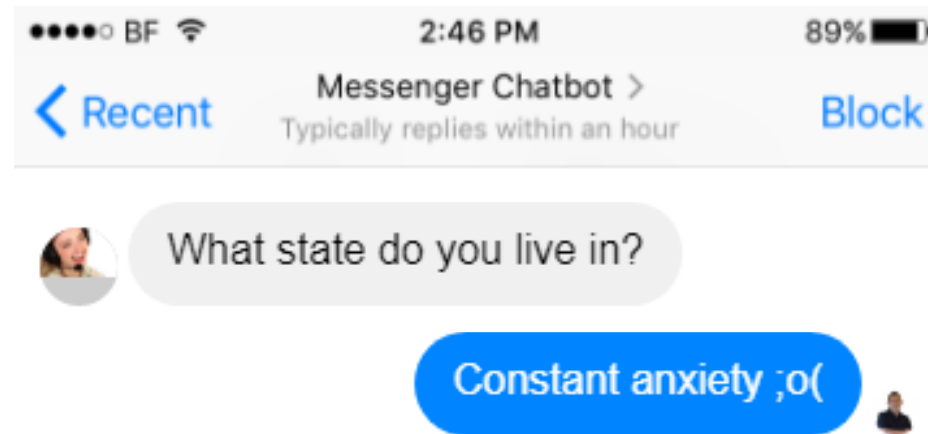


# Why language can be difficult

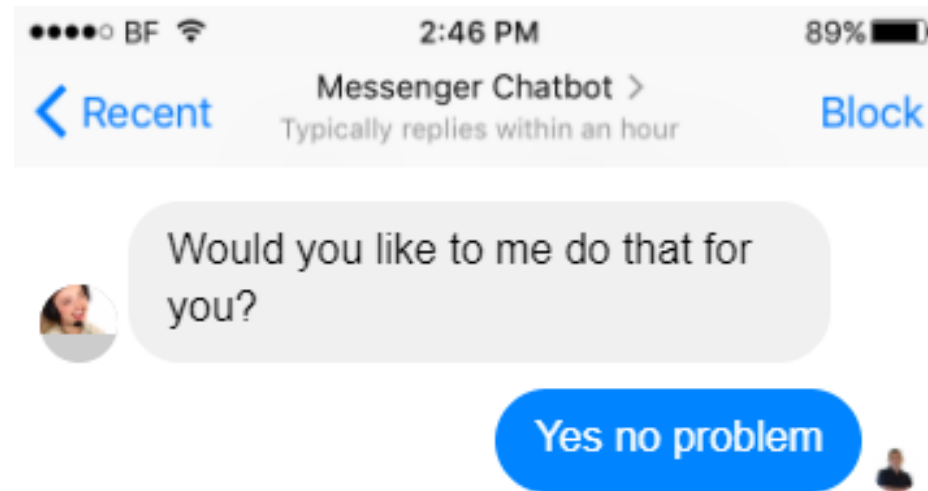




# Why language can be difficult



# Why language can be difficult



# Topic agenda

- 1 Why language can be difficult
- 2 Designing a conversation**
- 3 Voice and personality
- 4 Natural language intelligence
- 5 Help, guidance and error handling



A man in a light blue shirt stands and presents to a group of three people seated at a wooden table. Behind him is a large board covered in pink and yellow sticky notes. To the left, a projector screen displays a presentation slide. The table in the foreground has a laptop, a coffee cup, a white electronic device, and various papers and pens.

# Conversational Design

A conversation doesn't design itself

# You need FULL buy in from the business

- What does success look like?
- Are you targeting the right use case?
- Is the business buying into the FULL lifecycle
  - Remember: “the first day is the worst day”
  - Are you planning to iteratively test, train, release?
  - How do you plan to deal with failure?
  - Are you willing to fail?
- Do you have the right skills on the project
  - Conversational designers, business analysts, integration specialists





It's a conversation not a form

Don't be limited by your existing app design



# It's a conversation not a form

- Think in terms of a human to human conversation
  - Don't be limited by the way you currently do things
  - Don't be limited by your technology design
- Don't replicate an IVR (press 1 for....2 for...)
- A form with 50 fields will not map well to a conversation
  - Is all that information is really needed?
  - Could data be defaulted?
    - Based on location, or knowledge about the user, or context of conversation
  - Could information be captured in a different way
    - Location information, capturing an image using phone camera

A woman in a black tank top and blue jeans is riding a bicycle over a large, realistic-looking hole in a paved path. The hole is filled with dark, jagged, rock-like structures. In the background, a red narrowboat is docked on a canal, and other people are visible on the path.

# Context is king

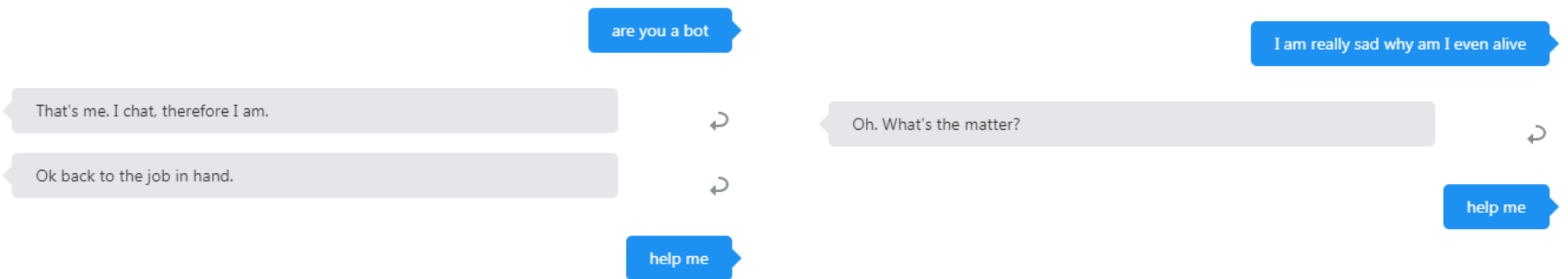
Where you are influences your understanding

# Context is king

- Context (when, who, where) is implied in human conversation, we need to explicitly manage context in bots
- Meaning is implied based on context
  - “Who is his manager” “What about Friday” “Get me a taxi home”
- Consider altering the conversation based on the user

# Context is king

- Intent resolution MAY depend on where you are in a conversation



# Topic agenda

- 1 Why language can be difficult
- 2 Designing a conversation
- 3 Voice and personality**
- 4 Natural language intelligence
- 5 Help, guidance and error handling




A black and white close-up portrait of Winston Churchill, showing his face from the nose up, with a serious expression. He is wearing a dark suit jacket and a white shirt with a dark tie.

# Consider your bot personality

Your voice IS your brand

# Consider your bot personality

- A conversation should be engaging
- Decide on your bot persona
  - Professional but personable – let the business dictate the balance
  - Build a backstory (although not necessarily to be made public)
  - Consider a name and avatar, but not necessarily human
  - The voice and tone of your bot is your brand
- Give a positive and welcoming introduction
- Words carry emotions
  - “You neglected to supply” vs “If you could tell us..”



# Your bot is not human

But you can give it human-like qualities



# Your bot can still have human qualities

- If people know it's a bot, expectations are set accordingly
- However, just a like a human-to-human conversation
  - Keep messages short and to the point
  - Vary responses
  - Have a strategy for when the conversation gets “stuck”
  - Vary welcomes and greetings for a heavily used bot
  - Disclose more information as you detect the user stuck at a step
  - Don't be afraid to verify understanding
- Don't overdo the empathy or humour!
  - The wins will be small but the loses could be considerable

A photograph of three women sitting at a wooden table in a cafe or office setting, laughing and smiling. The woman on the left has curly hair and is wearing a light-colored blazer over a dark top. The woman in the middle has blonde hair and glasses, also wearing a light-colored blazer. The woman on the right is partially visible, smiling. On the table are a smartphone, a notebook, and a glass. The background shows a bar area with bottles and a lamp.

# Handle smalltalk

It's part of a conversation

# Handle smalltalk

- Smalltalk is a natural element of conversation
  - People DO smalltalk to bots!
- It also serves a purpose
  - Aids discovery: requests for help, what the bot can do, enquiries about the bot
  - Handles frustrations: swearing, abuse, negative sentiment about the business
  - Common actions: exit, reset, speak to human
- Prepare to handle smalltalk
  - An on-topic answer is better than a “sorry I didn’t get that”
- Try to manage the conversation BACK to the known use cases
  - “Ok, so that’s the best joke I’ve got, how about I get back to helping with your order”





# Are you talking to me?

Designing for voice

# Designing intents for voice

- Voice MAY involve you rethinking some of your design decisions
  - Limitations of channel
  - More concise responses/confirmations
  - Different wording
- Voice specific intents
  - “Can you repeat”/”What did you say”
- Disambiguate certain data
  - Andy or Andi?
- Build synonyms for commonly “misheard” phrases

# Topic agenda

- 1 ➤ Why language can be difficult
- 2 ➤ Designing a conversation
- 3 ➤ Voice and personality
- 4 ➤ Natural language intelligence**
- 5 ➤ Help, guidance and error handling



An aerial photograph of a roundabout in a city. Multiple roads of varying widths converge on a central island where a large, light-colored building is situated. The surrounding area is filled with urban buildings, trees, and parked cars, illustrating that many different paths can lead to the same central destination.

# Many paths to the same destination

Different intents can have the same outcome

# Many paths to the same destination

- Sometimes people state what the problem is, rather than asking the solution
  - “I can’t log into my account”
  - “How do I reset my password”
- The same action could be triggered by different types of phrases
- Have different intents which all result in the same action
  - Keeps related utterances together
  - “cleaner” separation of intents
  - Possibility to treat differently in future


## RETURNS POLICY

How do I return this item  
Can I return my purchases  
What is your returns policy

I bought a shirt and it doesn’t fit  
I got this coat in the wrong size  
These trousers were bought as a gift but don’t fit

Bought a DVD but it was scratched  
Drawer on my BluRay player is broken  
Got new iPhone but won’t hold charge



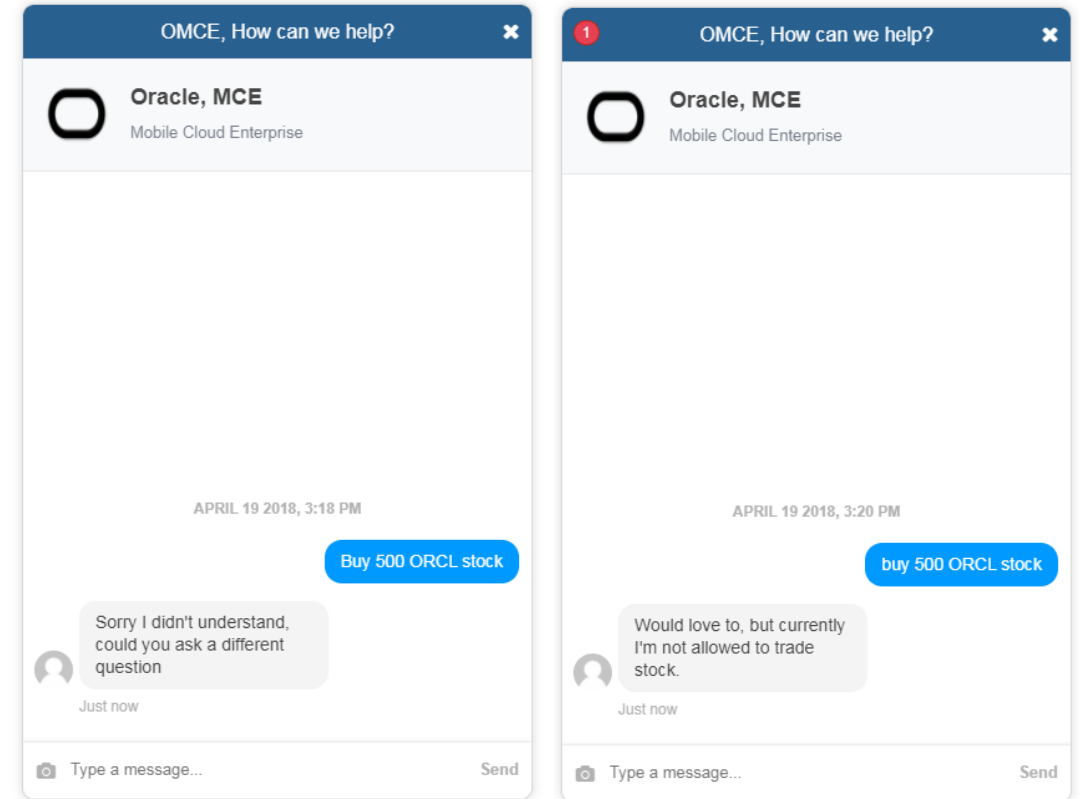


# Handle the things you know you don't know

More precisely handle failure

# Handle the things you know you don't know

- Create intents for the use cases you know you can't handle
  - Your bot likely handles a subset of business functions
  - Gracefully handle the business function NOT supported by the bot
- Allows the bot to more precisely handle failure
  - User knows input was understood



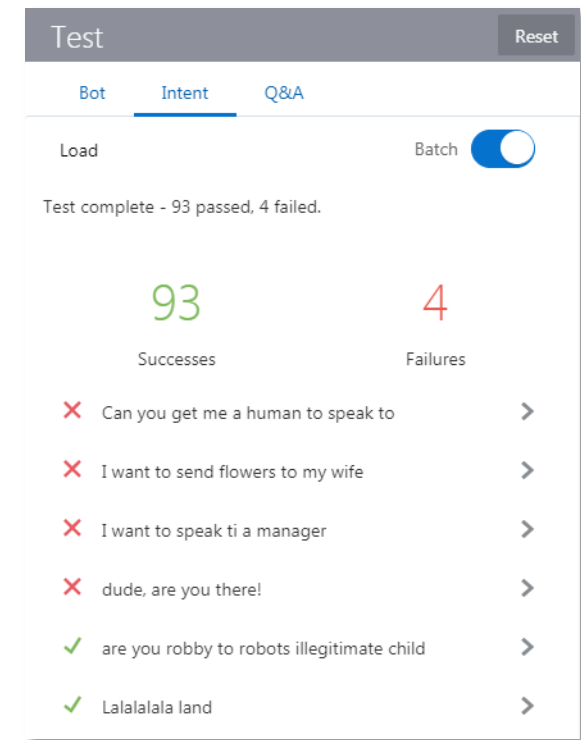
# Test, fix, repeat

Good data comes from testing

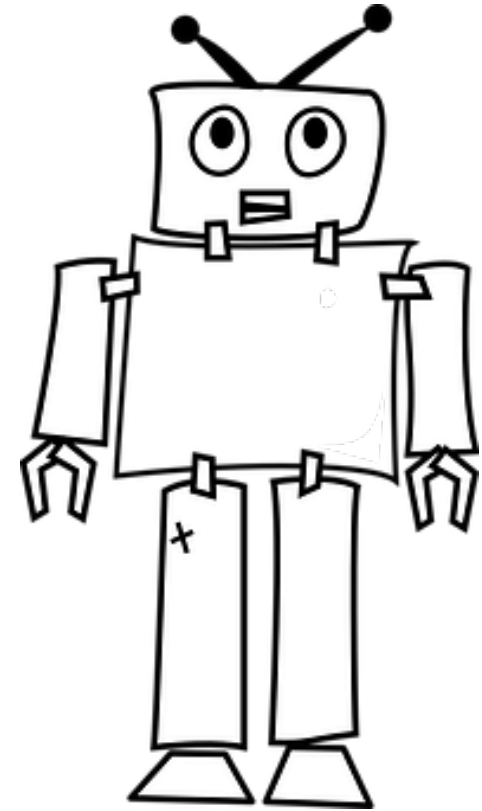


# Test, fix, repeat (often!)

- NLP is only as good as the data you train it with
- Real data comes from real users
  - Typically complete sentences
- Harvest from logs & 80/20 split training/test data
- Use batch testing
  - Confirm a minimum baseline performance
- Use analytics and insights
  - Where does the bot fail?
- Test, fix, repeat



The **two** most common NLP problems  
are **testing the bot too early** with  
insufficient training data and you **didn't**  
train the **unresolvedIntent!!!**







# Not everything is “AI magic”

AI doesn't magically make everything work

# AI doesn't magically make everything work – design time challenges

- You can't simply throw data into the bot NLP
  - You need to DESIGN your intents appropriately and classify data
  - Human logs/FAQs useful, but use CAREFULLY and generally not “as is”
- AI doesn't really “understand” language (yet!)
  - It is classifying input against known intents
  - CancelPizza and OrderPizza have a high commonality
  - Negation is a challenge (“not”, “no” prefixes “un-”, “in-”, im-“)
- If a human couldn't classify an input, don't expect a bot to
  - “Flower delivery not arrived” – complaint or check delivery status?





# When intent resolution isn't quite working

Language techniques can get you out of trouble



# Using language to get you out of trouble

- It's ok to ask for clarification...humans do!
  - “Flower delivery not arrived” – complaint or check delivery status?
- Verbose user input can be difficult to classify
  - Consider asking the user to be more concise rather than failing classification
- Use conversational techniques to make the right choice
  - “Let me deal with that for you. Do you want me to first of all check the status or shall I transfer you to a manager?”
  - Can you disambiguate based on context?
  - Do you need to disambiguate at all?
- Not sure if use is asking for past or future booked time off? Give both!

# Topic agenda

- 1 ➤ Why language can be difficult
- 2 ➤ Designing a conversation
- 3 ➤ Voice and personality
- 4 ➤ Natural language intelligence
- 5 ➤ Help, guidance and error handling



# Offer guidance & help

Including human help

# Offer guidance and help

- Make it clear how to start a conversation
- The bot should give guidance on what services it can support
  - Hint as to what is expected next
- Offer the most relevant actions
- Remind & offer some sort of “help” or “reset” option
- Don’t leave the user “hanging”
- Offer human hand off as required

A person wearing a blue jacket and green pants is shoveling snow from a sidewalk. The scene is outdoors in winter, with snow covering the ground and trees in the background. The person is using a shovel with a yellow handle and a red blade.

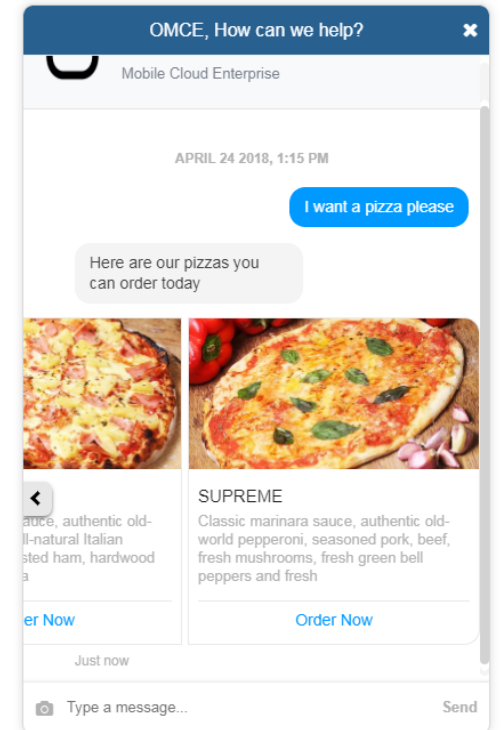
# Limit the surface area for errors

Help the user make “right” decisions



# Limit the surface area for errors

- Guide and give indications of what the bot is expecting
- Guide the conversation back to the happy path
- Avoid open ended questions
  - “Do you want anything else” vs “Do you want to order drinks, dips or cookies?”
- Ask before committing a transaction
  - Verbs and nouns instead of simple Yes/No
- Consider use of quick replies, cards and carousels
  - Easier to read
  - Quicker and more accurate to select





A male mallard duck is captured in a dynamic splash of water. The duck's head is turned to the right, showing its characteristic green head, yellow beak, and brown chest. Its wings are fully extended, revealing the intricate patterns of its feathers, including the blue patch on the wing. The water around the duck is turbulent, with white foam and droplets visible. The background consists of dark blue water with ripples.

Fail gracefully  
Or at least try your best

# Fail gracefully

- Fail gracefully
  - Don't blame the user
    - “You neglected to supply” vs “If you could tell us..”
    - “Invalid order id” vs “Hmm, I can't seem to find that order”
- An opportunity to re-enforce the bot personality
  - It's not that you fail, its how you deal with it that is rememberd
- Give the user intelligent options to get back on track
  - Show the nearest resolving intents
  - Give an option to reset the conversation
  - Human agent hand-off

# Integrated Cloud

## Applications & Platform Services

ORACLE®



# Oracle Digital Assistant Hands-On

---

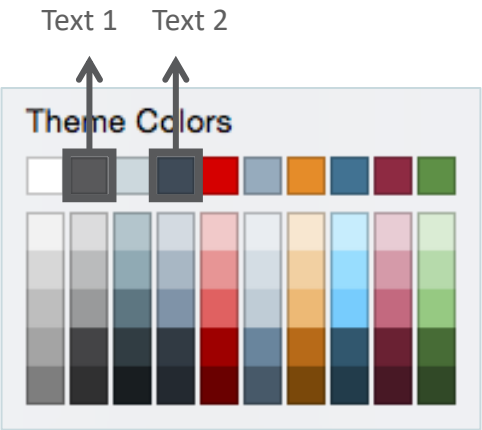
TBD



# Text and Background Contrast

Use **White** text over dark backgrounds and **Text 1** or **Text 2** over light backgrounds.

## Oracle Color Palette



| Background 2     | Accent 2         | Accent 3         | Accent 4         | Accent 5         | Accent 6         |
|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Text 1<br>Text 2 | White            | White            | White            | White            | White            |
| Text 2           | Text 1<br>Text 2 | Text 1<br>Text 2 | Text 1<br>Text 2 | Text 1<br>Text 2 | Text 1<br>Text 2 |
| Text 2           | Text 1<br>Text 2 | Text 1<br>Text 2 | N/A              | Text 2           | Text 2           |
| White            | Text 1<br>Text 2 | Text 1<br>Text 2 | N/A              | White            | Text 2           |
| White            | White            | White            | White            | White            | White            |
| White            | White            | White            | White            | White            | White            |